Complimentary Testimonial to
MISS HANNAU SIMMONS,
On which occasion she will appear as "Leap to

Detective-officer REANY will make his first ap-pearance upon the stone, and will exhibit the wond of the worn kind.

the worst kind.

THIS EVENING, June 15, will be presented LONDON ASSURANCE.

Lady Gay, Miss Hannah Simmons; Sir Harcourt Courtly, Mr. Hann; Max Harkaway, Mr. Elaler, Danie, Mr. Read; Charles Courtle, Mr. Halli inwyse Haddie, Mr. Lenlidgwell Girac Harkaway, Miss Waite.

To conclude with Officer Banny's new novelty piece, entitled

THE MAN-TRAP.

Mr. Beany (with a number of discusses), Officer Reany; Westerstill, of Indianapolis, Mr. David Hay; Dr. Poterson, Mr. Fisher. Saturday eventur, Benefit of Mr. ALEXANDER

SMITH & NIXON'S HALL. SANFORD'S OPERA TROUPE! For Six Nights More.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE UNIVER-SAL demand and the great success, Mr. S. will remain ON! WEEK MORE. On each evening a unange of programme. All the artists in their respective roles. OPERATIC, DRAMATIC, FABOICAL, AND DE LINEATIONS OF NEGRO CHARACTER, In which Sanford's Troupe excels.

55 Doors open at 7% o'clock; commence at 8.

Tickets.

(jnid-g*) Grand Picnic.

THE IRON-MOLDERS' UNION OF Cinciunal will give their second ANNIAL. PICNIC, at Parior Grove, KENT SATURDAY, June 16. The fine pleasure-steamers Champion Nes, and 4 will leave the foot of Walnut-st, at 7 o'clock A. M., stop at Whitakes' Landing, Newport, Covington; thence back to Walnut-st, and West's Mille, Menter's American Cornet and String Bands are engaged for the occasion.

Tickels SI-to be had of any of the managers, or at the boats m the morning of the picule, Great pairs have been taken to make the THE PICNIC of the season.

These who wish to go are requested to be at the landing early. By order of Com. of Arrangements, indicity. Picnic at Beech Grove.

PIGNIC BU BEGON GROVE.

WHENERS OF THE FIRST UNIVIRSALIST OHLBGHE GROVE.

VIRSALIST OHLBGHE GROVE, or WEDNESDAY,
June 20. The Champion No. 4 will leave the foot of
Walnut-street at 7'S o'clock A. M., the foot of Fifthstreet at 8's o'clock, and Newport Wharf at 8'6 o'clock,
The number of fickets issued being limited, it will
be necessary for parties wishing to attend, to secure
them previous to the day of the Picnic. They can be
had at the store of Mr. Solon Palmer, No. 36 West
Fourth-street; at the drug-stores of Mr. Albert Ross,
corner of Highth and Central-avenue; of Mesers,
Crowther & Brother, corner of Seventh and Mound,
and Richmond and Baymiller, and of members of
the Choir. Price 50 cents.

Warwood's Quadrille Band will furnish music on
indise MONTOR.—THE NATIONAL THEATER
is now for ront for the Summer season, for Thestrical Performances, Italian, German
Operas, &c., &c., and may be had on reason
by the night or week. For particular, apply to
OHN BATE,
National Theater Building,
myze-if Sycamore-street.

MUSICAL.

MANUSIC NEW MUSIC, DIVINOSIC

JUST PUBLISHED ... THE HILLS

COLUMNOAL PIANOS-THE HEST IN

Rew York) powerful topsed double
grand-action Conserved topsed double
grand-action Conserved topsed topsed
press at rises the bose in existence.
We will sell lower for each than any other dealer in
the city. Planos and Meledeous tuned and repaired
the roughly. Planos to let at from \$6 to \$15 per quartor. Musical instruments selling at half-proce. Denot bury or rest a Plano until you have called and gramined the above. hap or rent a Piano units, and the above, and the above, BHITTING & BRO, Sole Agents, Plano Dealers and Makers.
No. 227 W. Fifth-street, near Plano

ADAME ELLIS, M. D., HAS FOUND at lest just what the Ladies have long needed and looked for in vain, the UTERINE ELLIS.

The Userine Elistic is warranted to cure all discusses of a uterine nature; Inflammation of the Womb, the Kidneys, the Owaries, and the Urethra, Irolapsus or Falling of the Womb, Paintul Menatrustion, Ofloresis, Ameuorrhea; in fact, a perfect cure is guaranteed by the use of from two to five bottless of the Elistic, of any discose whatever of the Generative and Crinary Organs, of maje or female, no matter of how long standing. Price \$1 per bottle.

MADAME ELLIS calls particular attention to the following Card of one of the most prominent Drugsists of Cincinnsti:

Sollowing Card of one of the most prominent Druggists of Cinciunati:

"To the Public and the Ladies in Particular:

"We, the undersigned, are not in the habit of giving our name to Fatent Medicines; but knowing well the Lady Physician, and the medicine called the Uterine Elixir, we cheerfully recommend it to all formales suffering from Fernale Diseases of any kind; it is purely expectable, and the no account of night; we say to all try, and our worst for it, you will find relief.

"Corner of Fifth and Race streets."

—ALSO

MADAME ELLIS'S SPANISH SIMULATING COUGH AND LINKER BALSAM curse, without fail, Pahas in the Bresst, Back, Bide or Limbs; Cougha Colde, Harranoses, Difficulty of Breathing, Headcache, Flatulence, Heartburn, Chronic Rheumasism, Billous Collo, Charap Colic, Griping Pales of the Bowels, Dullness, Stuper, Inactivity, Loss of Appointe, and in Paintil Mentrastion If is a certain oure, and gives insuediate relief. In any of the above diseases it will give relief in twenty minutes, and a permanent cure by the use of two bottles. Only 50 ceate per lottle—so thesy that were person can get if.

B.—For sale by F. D. Hillis, Druggist, corner of Pace and Fifth-streets; J. D. *PARE, corner of Tace and Fifth-streets; J. D. *PARE, corner of Fourth and Future Streets; J. D. *PARE, corner of Fourth and Future Streets; J. D. *PARE, corner of Fourth and Future Streets; J. D. *PARE, corner of Fourth and Future Streets; J. D. *PARE, corner of Fourth and Futures and Fourth; John DiON SON, corner of Eight and Presents; L. D. *PARE, corner of Fourth and Futures and Fourth; John DiON SON, corner of Eight and Presents; L. D. *PARE, corner of Fourth and Futures.

MONEY! MONEY! LOAN OFFICE MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, JEW-Lies of interest, as No. 173 Vise-street, between

Franconi's Riding School A SIPORTANT BUSINESS CALLING THE A undersigned back to Paris, France, he offers for the root. Ladies and gentlemen wishing to purchase radius and Horses, passes call ht Hb. 259 West Clathe-treet. HENRY FRANCUM, jelo-1* Late Proprietor New York Hippodrome.

B. HOARE. TERER 200 Firm at ; between Central arenu an, Cincinnati, O. iring done on the shortest notice.

FOR CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES, called House uniform, called House Stots, called House Stots, grant Research Light House, Got the Boston Cheap Shoestore, 170 Fifth street, botween Elm and Bace.

ENGLISH . HARDWARE PAPER. We are arde Ag onts for the best English Hardwar Paper, and have on band a full assortment of regular level and weights, to which we day its the atraveton of Hardware Palets. Pringels & CHAPLED, wife CHAPLED, 29 and 79 Wainut-streat.

PULED BILL-HEAD PAPER - 200
pama-ruled 5, 4,6 and 5 to a shoot of superior
quality of Paper, just received and for each by
MNON & CHAPPERLD,
mac 27 and 78 Walnut-street.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN, A Trountys AT LAW, BANK BUILD-WING'S GELEBRATED PARINA CHARGE STATES OF ARINA CHARGE SHADE OF THE MATERIAL PARINA CHARGE STATES OF ARINA COLUMN CANCEL STATES OF ARINA CHARGE STATES OF ARINA CHARCA CHARGE STATES OF ARINA CHARGE STATES OF ARINA CHARGE STATES OF

Cincinnati Daily

CINCINNATI. FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1860.

VOL. III, NO. 111.

SWADER DEPART. LITTLE MEAST-17 minutes faster than City time, A. M. and 11 P. M. Columbus Accommodation,

RAILWAY MATTERS.

4 P. M. Kenia Accommodation, 6 P. M. ONCENSATI, HARRICON AND DATTOR—7 minutes faster than Gisy time, 6 A. M., 10-10 A. M., 20-36 P. M. and 6 P. M. Bamilton Accommodation, S A.

forommodation, 2 P. M.
INDIANAPOLIS AND CINCINNAVI SHORT-LINE—[1] intes slower than City time, | 5:40 A. M., 11:50 A. M. and G. P. M.
MARIETTA AND CHCHNATT—[7 minutes faster than
City time,] 5:45 A. M. and 3:30 P. M.

M., 2:30 P. M., 6 P. M.

TRAINS ARRIVE. Little Miant-3:56 A. M., S A. M., 11:04 A. M. OHIO AND MUSIBERFE-7:30 A. M., 12:28 P. M and 9:50 P. M. CINCINNATI, HABILTON AND DATTON-7:45 A. M., 10:40 A. M., 1 P. N., 5:30 P. M., 7:35 P. M., and 9:15 P. M.

INDIANAPOLIS AND CINCINNATI-10:15 A. M., 4 P. M. and 13 P. M.
MARIKTEA AND CINCINNATI-10:08 A. M. and
5:13 P. M. Covington and Lexinoron-10:35 A. M. and CINCINNATI, RICHMOND AND INDIANAPOLIS-7:45 A. M., 1 P. M., 5:30 P. M.

VARIETIES.

The Court-house of Taylor County, Va. was struck by lightning on Wednesday. "Beauty, dear readers, is the woman Mrs. Elizabeth Kemper, aged 101 years, died in Rappahannock County, Va., on the

Miss L. L. K. Spaulding, a member of the Cape Palmos Protestant Episcopal Mission, died recently in Africa.

At the recent reporters' festival at Boston, a sermon was preached from Prov. 15, 50. "A good report maketh the bones fat."

The German printers of New York city are to hold a festival in bonor of Guttenberg, the inventor of panting, on the Fourth of July. The contract for the United States Courthouse in Baltimore has been awarded to N Osborne, of Rochester, N. Y., at \$112,808. Lady Franklin is expected to visit America by the return trip of the steamer Adriatic, by invitation of the owners of the line,

Dean Swift remarked that "Every poor man keeps a dog, and every d——d poor man keeps two dogs."

At Toulon, in France, 14,000 men, includ-ing 3,000 convicts, are at present employed as workmen in the arsenal.

Alexander McMillau was robbed last week while saleep at his residence in Alleghany Co., N. C., of \$3,000 or \$4,000 in bank notes. The idle man is the devil's hireling, whose livery is rage, whose diet and wages are famine and disgrace.

One-half penny a day will buy food in China sufficient to enable a man to live com-The time occupied by vessels in going from San Francisco, Cal., to Shanghal, China, is less than forty days.

The smoke pipe of a flooring mill fell upon Frederick Stager, at Chicago, on Tuesday last, and crushed him to death.

The Hartford (Conn.) Times says in that region the promise of fruit was never more

pig, at that place, which was born with eight legs. The Mount Vernon (lova) News tells of a

Judge Wolf, of Virginia, has just published work, entitled, Helper's Impending Crisis

Large numbers of the seventeen-year lo-custs have been already found in Burlington County, New Jersey.

If you wish your neighbor to notice you, my a dog and tie him up in the cellar all night. They won't sleep for thinking of

A subscription list has been opened in New York for the relief of the surviving sufferers of the recent terrible tornado in lowa and Illinois.

A large cat-fish, caught in the Mississippi near Memphis, Tenn., recently, disgorged a lady's hand, which it had swallowed in the river.

Nicholas Bradshaw was with the New York Hook and Ladder Company No. 4, recently, when he was thrown down and the truck passing over his head crushed his skull.

Saxony, not larger than Rhode Island and Connecticut, keeps 3,500,000 sheep; England and Wales, 26,000,000, and the whole United During a recent fight among a number of Germans at Richland, in this State, Barnhardt Martz struck Wm. Rickey by mistake with a knife and killed him at once.

The dress of Ann Beals, while in a state of

intoxication, caught fire a few days since near Boston, Mass., and she was so shock-ingly burnt that she died in a short time. A steamboat—a mere skiff—about thirty feet long, five feet beam, and two feet deep, has arrived at Chicago from Skaneateles, N. Y., to go South for a pleasure boat.

An engineer on the New York Central Railroad was recently mistaken near Niagara for the "Benicia Boy," and received with marked demonstrations.

Two girls, emigrants just arrived from Europe, were recently invelgled into a house of ill-fame in New York, and at last accounts had not been found.

According to a Constantinople correspond-ent, the weather was still so cool there on the 16th ult., that fires were necessary to

The Sailor's Home, of London, during the thirty-three years of its existence, has given succor and shelter to 39,148 seamen. Last year 8,225 boarders were received.

The steam fire department of Baltimore operates not only efficiently, but very economically. The expenses of the present year will not exceed \$50,000.

San Francisco is growing dull. There were but two libel suits and three divorce cases there during the week on which our latest letters from there were written. A young; well-dressed and handsom

woman, name unknown, jumped from one of the New York ferries, the other day, and was drowned. John Vogel, a painter, fell from a scaffold in New York, a day or two ago, and fractured his skull so badly that he died in a few

John Van Stevenburgh, an employe at Wells's distillery in New York, was fatally you scalded the other evening, by falling into one of the tubs, and died the following night.

Mrs. A. R. Street has presented the Yale College (at New Raven) Cabinet of Coins a collection of 496 pieces, about 500 of which are copper and the remainder gold and silver.

Canine Law in New York-Execution of LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

The New York Times, in alengthy descripion of the dog-pound in that city, thus describes the manner of ridding the city of anfortunate canines:

unfortunate canines:

The hold of the barge is devoted to the purpose of securing auch dogs as are brought in, until a specified time, after which, such dogs as have not been reclaimed, are drowned and handed over to the offal contractor, who chops them up for manure. On Monday there were ninoty-six dogs drowned, on Taesday eighty, on Wednesday eighty, and Thursday about seventy. The tank in which the dogs are drowned will hold about two hundred and sixty. It is sixteen feet long by eleven feet wide. After the victims are brought up from the hold and placed in the tank, the refractory ones being quieted by a few taps of the club, a cover is secured to the tank, and enough Croton let on to drown the lot. The offal carts are then backed to the pler, the sluices opened, and the dead bodies of the slain are carried off to fertalize the surrounding country, and probably return to us ere long as companent returns. of the alain are carried off to fertalize the surrounding country, and probably return to us ere long as component parts of strawberries, lettuce, potatoes, and other excellent vegetables. A fee of two dollars is charged the owners of dogs that are reclaimed; and so great was the number of valuable dogs captured last year, that the institution, which then cost about \$4,500 for capturing 2,000 dogs, almost paid for itself. The dog season lasts from June to September, and owing to the fifty cents paid heretofore for each dog brought to the pound, the trade was always brisker than it has been this year, when only twenty-five cents is paid per caput. There is less temptation for the boys to steal dogs, or to import them from adjacent places.

The Troubles in China-Movements of the Rebels.

A Shanghai correspondent writes thence A Shanghal correspondent writes thence on the 7th of April thus:

The rebels are said to be in force near the great city of Hong-Chow, and to be gathering strength and influence. Their movements are watched with anxiety, as the region likely to be under their control, if successful, will command entirely the most important tea and silk-growing districts of the Empire. A report was circulated a few days since that Hong-Chow had fallen into the hands of the rebels. This report created great consternation among the more wealthy residents of the old city of Shanghal, several hundred of whom removed at once from the city, either taking rooms in the foreign settlement or going into the country. More recent news has served to quiet the people. It seems that the rebel forces did get possession of the suburbs, and even forced their way into the city, from which they were afterward driven by the Imperial troops, after a hard-fought battle. They are said to be now entrenched within sight of the city wall, committing said depredations upon the poor and inoffensive inhabitants of the trural districts, and devastating the country. It is pitiful to see the terror of these helpless reople, on account of the danger that threatens them from within, as well as from their external foes.

ROMANTIC LIFE OF AN ENGLISH PRYSICIAN. on the 7th of April thus:

ROMANTIC LIFE OF AN ENGLISH PHYSICIAN. A Constantinople correspondent speaks of meeting there an English physician, whose life has been a complete romance from the time when, in 1824, he landed, burning with enthusiasm, in Greece, and attended Lord Byron's death, at Missiloughi, to the present moment, when, after separating from his first wife, a Catholic, who ran away from him, and is now as insulate of a Tarabab burner.

wife, a Catholic, who ran away from his list wife, a Catholic, who ran away from him, and is now as impose of a Twick has losing by death his second, a Greek, who at the time of his marriage with her, was a widow with two children—be now finds himself the husband of a Protestant lady, descended directly from the old Huguenots, and the father of four different sets of children, who belong to as many different religions, of whom four are Protestants, two are Greeks, two are Catholics, and one, a grown-up young man, is a Mussulman, and an officer in the Turkish service! The whole family is an unusual "alliance" of some kind, whether it be "Evangelical," or not; but the Dôctor and his wife, and several of the children, are sincere Christians.

THE DISCOVERY OF PHOSPHORUS -It is now just two hundred years since phosphorus was first obtained by Brand, of Hamburg. So wonderful was the discovery then considered that Kraft, an eminent philosopher of the day, gave Brand \$300 for the secret of its day, gave Brand \$300 for the secret of its preparation. Kraft then traveled, and visited nearly all the courts of Europe exhibiting. Phosphorus resembles bees-wax, but is more transparent, approaching to the color of amber. Its name, which is derived from the Greek, signifies "light bearer," and is indicative of its most distinguishing quality, being self-luminous. Phosphorus, when exposed to air, shines like a star, giving out a beautiful lambent, greenish light. Phosphorus dissolves in warm sweet oil. If this phosphorized oil be rubbed over the face in the dark, the features assume a ghastly appearance, the features assume a ghastly appearance, and the experimentalists looks like a verita-ble living Will-o'-the-Wisp.

A Case ov Connumial Scandal in St. Louis.—A highly respectable merchant on Second-street, in St. Louis, married a young and interesting lady not long since, thinking her as pure as the unstained snow. She has proved quite otherwise, however, and another Second-street merchant is accused of leading the lady astray. The husband feels indignant, of course. The wife ought to repent, but she won't. The husband at first threatened to "shoot, kick, stab and kill" the man who has indured him; but he has finally conwho has injured him; but he has finally con-cluded to do what is much worse—bring the matter before the courts.

A New Preparation for Growth of the Hair.—The Chicago Herald observes: "A young lady friend of ours recently commenced the use of sage-water to promote the growth of her hair, upon recommendation of a coiffent, and has now had to discontinue its daily use because it made her hair too thick. To prepare this, pour boiling water on the sage-leaves, and let them remain some time in an oven or near a stove; then strain it and apply it daily to the roots of the hair. If any pomit daily to the roots of the hair. If any pom-ade is needed, an equal mixture of cocon-nut and olive oil, with a little perfume, is

Paoninio Oil Wells is New York.—The oil product of Titusville, N. Y., is still on the increase. There are now twenty-four paying wells in the vicinity of that town, which produce on an average about twenty barrels per day. It is difficult to ascertain the exact number of wells in process of boring; at last accounts there were nearly five hundred. It has been proved by experiment that this oil contains of Illuminating properties 66% per cent., showing a superiority over coal oil of 20 per cent.

20 per cent EXTRAORDINARY FACT-A CHANCERY SUI EXTRAORDINARY FACT—A CHANCERY SUIT TREMINATED.—A citizen of Philadelphia has just received the amount of a judgment, with interest and costs, in a case commenced in one of the courts of Pennsylvania in 1833. The suit has been stronuously contested, and the defendant threw the case into the Court of Chancery some years ago, by way of effectually burying it. Several attorneys who at different times were engaged in it have died.

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S COMPANIONS.—The Prince of Wales will be accompanied to New York not only by a Secretary of State as representing the Crown, but by her Majesty's first great officer of the household, and one who has been a Lord Lieutenant of Ireland—thus to a certain extent representing the Queen herself, and adding an additional importance and diguity to the visit of the Prince.

The Greeley-Seward Letter.

New York, June 14.—The subjoined is Mr. Greeley's letter to Mr. Seward:
NEW York, Saturday, Nov. 11, 1854.
Gov. Sewarn—Dear Sir: The election is now over, and its result sufficiently ascertained. It seems to me a fitting time to annow over, and its result sumently accertained. It seems to me a fitting time to announce to you the dissolution of the political firm of Seward, Weed & Greeley, by the withdrawal of the junior partner, said withdrawal to take effect on the morning after the first Thursday in February next; and, as it may seem a great presumption in me to assume that any such firm exists, especially since the public was advised more than a year ago by an editorial in the Feening Journal, formally reading me out of the Whig party, that I was no longer esteemed useful or ornamental in the concern. You will, I am sure, indulge me in some reminiscences which seem to befit the occasion. I was a poor, young printer, an editor of a literary journal, a very active and bitter Whig; in a small way, but not seeking to be known out of my own Ward Committee. When, after the great political revolution of 1837, I was one day called to the City Hotel, where two strangers introduced themselves as Thurlow Weed and Lowis Reported of Albary Thore

the great political revolution of 1837, I was one day called to the City Hotel, where two strangers introduced themselves as Thurlow Weed and Lewis Benedict, of Albany. They told me that a cheap campaign paper of a peculiar stamp at Albany, had been resolved upon, and that I had been selected to edit it. The announcement might well be deemed flattering by one who had never sought the notice of the great, and who was not known as a partizan writer, and I eagerly embraced their proposals.

They asked me to fix my salary for a year, I named \$1,000, which they agreed to, and I did the work required, to the best of my ability. It was work that made no figure, and created no sensation, but I loved it, and I done it well when it was done. You were Governor, dispensing offices worth from \$3,000 to \$20,000 per year to your friends and compatriots, and I returned to my garret and my crust, and by desperate battle with pecuniary obligations heaped upon me by a bad partner in business and the disastrous events of 1837. I believe it did not then occur to me that some one of these abundant events or 1937. I believe it did not then oc-cur to me that some one of these abundant places might have been offered to me with-out injustice. I now think it should have occurred to you. If it did occur to me, I was not the man to ask for it. I think that should not have been necessary. I only re-member that no friend at all inquired as to my parameter of the property of the property of the pro-member that no friend at all inquired as to

member that no friend at all inquired as to my pecuniary circumstances.

That your friend, but not mine, Robert C. Wetmore, was one of the chief dispensers of your patronage here, and that such devoted compatriots as A. H. Wells and John Hooks, were lifted by you out of pauperism into independence, as I am glad I was not; and yet an inquiry from you as to my needs and means at that time, would have been timely, and held ever in grateful remembrance.

In the Harrison campaign of 1840 I was again designated to edit a campaign paper. I published it as well, and ought to have made something by it, in spite of its extreme low price. My extreme poverty was the main reason why I did not.

It compelled me to have press work, mailing, &c., done by the job, and high charges for extra work nearly ate me up. At the close I still, without property and in debt, but this paper, had rather improved my position. Now came the great scrabble of the Swell mob of coon-minatrels and cider-suckers, at Washington; I not being counted in, several regiments of them went on from this dity, but no one of the whole crowd, though I say it, who should not had done so much!

Several regiments of them went on from this city, but no one of the whole crowd, though I say it, who should not had done so much bowind Gon. Harrison's non-fraction and election as yours respectfully.

I asked nothing, expected nothing, but you, Gov. Seward, ought to have asked that I might be postmaster of New York. Your asking would have been in vain, but it would have been an act of grace, neither wasted nor undeserved. I soon after started the Tribine, because I was urged to do so by certain of your friends, and because such a paper was our friends, and because such a paper wa

your friends, and because such a paper was needed here.

I was promised certain pecuniary aid in so doing. It might have been given me without cost at risk to any one. All I have had was a loan by piece-meal of \$1,000 from Jas. Cogshall. God bless his honored memory. I did not ask for this; I think it is the one wile case in which I ever received a pecunisole case in which I ever received a pecuni-ary favor from a political associate. I am very thankful that he did not die till he was fully repaid; and let me here honor one grateful recollection, when the Whig party under, your rule, had offices to give, my name was never thought of, but when in '42, '43 we were hopelessly out of power, I was honored with the party nomination of Stee nored with the party nomination of State

Printer.
When we came again to have a State Printer to elect as well as nominate, the place went to Weed, as it ought; yet it was worth some-thing to know that there was once a time when it was not deemed too great a sacrifice o recognize me as belonging to your house

hold.

If a new office had not since been created on purpose to give its valuable patronage to H. J. Raymond, and enable St. John to show forth its Times as the organ of the Whig State Administration, I should have been still more grateful. In 1848 your star again rose, and my warmest hopes were realized in your election to the Senate. I was no longer needy, and had no more desire to be recognized by General Taylor. I think I had some claim to forbearance from you; what I received thereupon was a most humillating lecture, in the shape of a decision in the like case of Redfield & Pringle, and an obligation to publish it in my own and other journals of your supposed firm—I thought, and still think, this lecture needlessly cruel and mortifying. The plaintiffs, after using my columns to the extent of their needs and desires, stopped writing, and called on me for the name of their assailant. I profered it to them—a thorough, responsible man. They refused to accept it unless it should prove to be one of the four or five first men in Batavia, when they had known from the first who it was, and that it was neither of them. They would not accept that which they had demanded. They sued me instead for money, and money you were at liberty to give to them to your heart's content. If a new office had not since been created

The Japanese.

Philadelphia, June 13.—The Japanese spent the afternoon in visiting Girard College, the Penitentiary, the Circus and other institutions, in detachments. All were very much pleased with the sights.

It is stated that an assay was not made out at the Mint this morning. The Japanese insisted on having a whole cobang assayed, and gold, and silver, and copper given in separate portions too small to admit of.

The Superintendent proposed that several be melted together, and a sample analysed. This was objected to. A settlement may yet he reached. This evening they are receiving visitors.

CHARLESTON, June 14. — The steamship leabel arrived last evening from Havana, on the 10th.

the 10th.
Sugars advancing. Molasses quiet.
Classes & Carbouett, merchants at Havana, had failed for a large sum.
It was officially declared that the International Bank had collapsed.
A noted highwayman named Callis had been arrested on board the schooner Merritt, from New York.
Twolve of the crew of the slaver Don Juan had been arrested at Havana.
Porto Rico advices are unimportant.

Privanuae, June 14—M.—River five one inch by the pier-mark, and fall Weather clear and warm.

Conclusion of Wednesday's Congressional Proceedings. Wash.ngron, June 14.

Washington, June 14.

SENATE—Mr. Wilson said the Government has gone in debt \$50,000,000. He did not believe the coming importations would afford sufficient revenue for the requirements of the appropriations, and pay the interest of the debt. He, therefore, advocated an increase of the tariff to meet the exigencies. Mr. Toombs read the Givil Appropriation Bill, with the amendments of the Senate Finance Committee, showing that every one made was to fulfill contracts, and carry out existing laws. The Republicans of the House appeared to be economical by honest contractors, and carrying on a system of profligacy in appropriating \$7,000,000 to frandulent pensions.

Mr. Bigler said he did not like to hear such imputations cast on the department of Sena-

aputations cast on the department of Sena-ars who voted for the measure. He did not

tors who voted for the measure. He did not like the way the Senator spoke about it.

Mr. Toombs said he would give way for an explanation, but should not for a Senator to protest against what he said. He had disclaimed any imputation to any Senator.

Mr. Bigler said he did protest.

Mr. Toombs replied that if he was not satisfied with the remarks, he could get satisfaction here or outside of the Chamber. He was speaking of the Government, and made no personal imputation. He continued to show that the Republicans were friends of extravagance. They were deep in corruption in all the legislatures of the North, and God only knows what they would do if they got the power here.

Mr. Doolittle asked the Senator if he did not recollect the Zazos grant in Georgia, when the people buried the records of the State.

State.
Mr. Toombs replied that some dishonest men got in the Legislature, as is the case of new States, but the people hung some of them, and run others out of the State. They were not honest enough in Wisconsin to do that

that,

After further debate the amendment for funding for five years the \$20,000,000, was agreed to. Ayes 29; nays 19.

Mr. Sebastian offered an amendment, appropriating \$3,500,000, for paying the claims of the Choctaw Indians under the treaty stipulations, which, after much debate, was carried over by an adjournment at ten o'clock. HOUSE—EVENING SESSION.—The House re-assembled at seven o'clock, when the last of a series of resolutions was adopted by 90 against 37.

of a series of resolutions was adopted by so against 37.

The last resolution is as follows:

Resolved, That the appointment by Secretary Toucey, of Daniel B. Martin, Chief Engineer, as a member of the Board of Engineers, to report upon proposals for constructing machinery for the United States, said Martin at the time being pecuniarily interested in some of said proposals, is hereby censured by the House.

The Senate bill amendatory of the act to ascertain and settle private land claims in California, was passed.

Mr. Gurley, from the Printing Committee, reported a resolution that 15,000 copies of the agricultural part of the Patent Office Report be printed for the use of the Patent Office, and 10,000 for distribution by members of the House.

Mr. Clark, of Missouri, moved to increa Mr. Clark, of Missouri, moved to increase the whole number to 30,000.

Motion agreed to by 30 majority, and the resolution was passed by 102 against 60.

Mr. Gurley also reported a resolution, which was passed, to print five thousand extra copies of the report of the Regent of the Smithsonian Institute of 1859; also, a resolution to print five also summer of copies of the report of Licat, Ivea, on the exploration of the Colorado of the West. This was tabled. Leaves of Grass, and now add something

of the Colorado of the West. This was tabled.

Mr. Burlingame secured, under the suspension of the rules, the Senate Bill for the relief of Francis Dainese.

The claim has been long contested.

The greatest possible confusion prevailed throughout the proceedings. Gentlemen frequently complained that they could not understand what was going on.

Mr. Martin, of Va., said the noise was owing to strangers being on the floor, and called on the Speaker to enforce the rules.

The Speaker gave directions accordingly, but this produced no sensible improvement.

Repeated motions were made to adjourn nd one, at half-past nine P. M., prevailed.

Additional by the Ningara HALIPAX, June 13.—The Niegara arrived here at half-past seven this evening. She has 78 passengers for Boston, at which port she will be due early Friday morning.

The reports of Garibald's successes are confirmed. He attacked Palermo from the south side at four clock on the morning of

continued. He stracked Palermo from the south side, at four o'clock on the morning of the 27th, and penetrated to the center of the city, flag in hand, after a desperate combat of six hours' duration, and during an active humbard-apart he see and hand ombardment by sea and land.

The Royal troops retired to the palace and the other public buildings. Hostilities were renewed, and the Royal Palace was taken by the people, and in the evening burnt down Loss in killed and wounded very consider-Other towns in Sicily had risen.

The bombardment still continued on the 31st. It was said the Government was de-liberating on the proposition to order its dis-The troops were concentrated in the Castle, on which Garibaldi commenced an attack at noon on the 28th. The English Admiral had offered protection to American citizens at Palerme.

Palermo.

There was a great agitation in the Court and Ministry at Naples. The Ministers tendered their resignation on the 29th. A Liberal Cabinet was expected to be formed.

Garibaldi was already carrying out impor-

ant administration reforms at all places in

his power.

Great Britain—Parliament had reassembled. Important papers relative to China were submitted, giving full particulars of the ultimatum, and the Chinese reply.

The ultimatum demanded ample apology for the Peiho affair.

The restoration of the wars, and shire less. the Peiho affair.

The restoration of the guns and ships lost on that occasion; the ratification without delay of the Tein-Sein treaty at Pekin; and an indemnity of 4,000,000 teals for military ex-

indemnity of 4,000,000 teals for military expenses through the Canton affair.

The Chinese reply refuses an apology for the Peiho matter, declines an Embassador to go to Pekin, naming Peitang as the place of ratification instead of Pekin refuses to restore the guns and ships, or consider the payment of an indemnity, and refers Mr. Bruce to the regulations carried out at the reception of the American Mission.

These papers dispel all hope of an amicable settlement. Lord John Russell explained the nature of the Russian proposition relative to

nature of the Russian proposition relative to the Christians in Turkey, and said Austria, Prusaia and England dissented and proposed that Turkey herself should institute an in-quiry as to the state of the Christians, which proposition the Sultan was acting upon.

Accident at Sandunky.

Accident at Sandunky.

Sandersky, O., June 14.—The balcony of the West House, crowded with people to witness the firemen's tournament, has Just failen. Mr. Wales, of Clyde, leg broken, wife badly bruised; Mr. Arres and sister, of Tiffin, badly bruised in the head and chest; Mr. Taylor, of Tiffin, arm broken; Miss Minney, of Tiffin, chest crushed; Mr. Costin, of Bellefountaine, ribs broken; John Ross, of Sandusky, terribly disfigured. Several others received smaller injuries; Mr. Rice, of Findlay, arm broken.

PRICE ONE CENT.

Sr. Louis, June 13.—Judge Reber, of the Court of Common Pleas, this afternoon over-uled the motion for a new trial in the case of

ruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Carstang vs. Shaw.

The award of premiums for the best hogshead of manufactured and shipping tobacco, raised in this State, was made at the State Tobacco warehouse to-day.

The first premium of \$40, best manufactured, was awarded to John A. Conner, of Calloway County.

The second of \$30, to John Craighead, of this county.

this county.

The first premium of \$30, for shipping leaf, was awarded to Jesse Criddle, of Cape Girar-

deau.

The second of \$20, to the same.

The first premium hogshead was bought by B. W. Lewis & Bros., of Glasgow, for \$250 per hundred pounds, the highest price ever paid in the country.

The second premium sold to Leggett & Dousman, of St. Louis, for \$75 per hundred pounds. All competing tobacco offered for sale brought extraordinary high prices.

Bestructive Fire. Chicago, June 13.—A fire at Belvidere, Illinois, destroyed the Union Block, owned by Neely & Co.; the drug store of W. R. Woodruff, and the grocery of G. S. Ingersoll. Loss \$50,000. Insured for \$20,000. The fire was caused by the explosion of a fluid lamp.

The Members of a Wealthy New York Dry Goods Firm Formerly Detective Po-

ticemen.
The New York correspondent of the Bosto The New York correspondent of the Boston Post relates the following novel story:

The handsomest structure on Broadway, devoted to the retailing of dry goods and controlled by one of our most progressive firms, furnishes so nice a point for a moral, and such brilliant adornment for a tale, that I am tempted to tell a short story about the origin of the firm who own it. The originators of the house, now of thirty years' standing, were two members of the London police, who were contentedly pledding in their respective beats until a bold and successful robbery of jewels, owned by a lady of noble lineage, and intrinsically of immense value, was one day announced, along with a tempting reward to whoever might be shrewdenough or lucky enough to find and restore them to the loser. The prospect of attaining comparative wealth by earning this reward prompted these heroes of my story to become partners in various plans by which they hoped to discover the burglar and his booty. After natient and persistent labors, and many well-aid traps, they succeeded in ferreting out the mystery and gaining the promised recompense. The reward was liberal enough to justify their retiring from the "force" and emigrating to America. Here they formed a partnership and commenced retailing dry goods. Their method of doing business was peculiar and progressive. The result of their harmonious and prudent action was the accumulation of great wealth. In fact, so successful were they that one of the originators of the house retired some years since, taking with him in cash five handred thousand dollars. Post relates the following novel story:

Weman's Opinion-Walt Whitman an the Relations of the Sexes. quoted the other day an opinion of Mrs. Julietta H. Branch, on the author of the

nore: Walt Whitman assumes to regard wome Walt Whitman assumes to regard woman only as an instrument for the gratification of his desires, and the propagation of the species. To him all women are the same, with but this difference: the more sensual have the preference, as they promise greater indulgence. His exposition of his thoughts shows conclusively that with him the congress of the sexes is a purely animal affair, and with his ridiculous egotism he vannts his prowess as a stock-breeder might that of the pick of his berd.

ick of his herd. It is bad enough, I submit, for a person to be so utterly brutalized. There needs not the further degredation of publishing his brutality. A true man regards the intimate relations he may sustain toward the woman s as something to holy to be lightly talked of, too sacred to be bruited abroad. To the true man, the con-gress of the sexes is a sacrament—a holy se-cret locked in the breasts of two persons, which it were gross profanation to expose to the gaze of any beside. To such an one, all women are not the same; nor is capacity for beastly indulgence the distinguishing trait of the chosen one.

Social Fusion of Hibernia and Japan.—
While the princes preserve a dismal dignity, and seem to set their face determinedly against any expression of enjoyment, says a Philadelphia correspondent, the many of the Embassy are as much disposed to be delighted with every thing and every body. The servants have already formed acquaintances with various servants of the hotel—especially the chambermaids—and the Japanese and Hibernians take great delight in playing hideand-go-to-seek, blind-man s-buff and other childish games. Some of the more intelligent are busily at work studying our language. They ask the meaning of each new word and write down in their exercise books, with a sort of marking brush. They also spend much time in playing a curious game analogous to chess, on a board divided into eightyone squares, kneeling on cushions and smoking placidly while playing. SOCIAL FUSION OF HIBERNIA AND JAPAN.

Annoyance of the Japanese Princes.—
There are so many persons trying to get into
the rooms of the Japanese, says a letterwriter from Philadelphis, under the convenient pretext of being connected with the
press, that the committee are obliged to be
very strict in admitting applicants. The
Japanese themselves suspect almost every
one they see to be newspaper writers, and
though they appear gratified with the attention they receive, they are not a little bored
at the persistent questioning to which they
are subjected. This annoyance is felt peculiarly by those of the higher rank, the inferiors rather liking it than otherwise. ANNOYANCE OF THE JAPANESE PRINCES.

A Human Moserer.—A mas named Laud-erdale, residing in St. Francis County, Ark., was arrested there; a few days since, charged with perpetrating an outrage on the person of his own daughter, and interesting little girl twelve years of age; and the circum-stances are such as to leave no doubt of his awful crime.

DECLINING NEWSPAPER STOCK .- The Peter Decision News Park Stock.—The Petersburg (Vs.) Intelligencer was disposed of at auction, on Saturday, for the third time within four years past. The successful bidder was F. W. Page, its first purchaser, together with Mr. McDonald. The price bid was \$3,500, or about \$5,000 less than that of the last purchase.

Singular Drath From Lockjaw.—James Cottrell, a resident of Newport, R. I., died in that city last Saturday, from lockjaw. On the 28th ult, he cut one of his fingers with a "reaping hook," but as the wound was very slight, little notice was taken of it. Last week, however, the finger began to swell and look inflamed, and lockjaw was the faul result.

ALBERT SMITH'S FUNERAL -- Albert Smith's funeral took place at Broupton Cemetery, mar London, on Saturday, the 26th uit. At his particular request, the funeral was of the planest description. Mr. Smith having expressed a wish that the expenses counselved with it should not exceed twenty pounds. RATES OF ADVERTISING

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During his practice. mereal diseases, but more recently of Mexico. where such diseases are to be found in their number to the burner of the most eminent physicians in Mexico and spain, they discovered a remedy in one of the Mexica plants, and found only in Southern Mexico, that removes, as if by magic, all the venereal taint from the system, in the primary or secondary form. Syphilis, is the worst stage, permanently cured in a very short time, and the system thoroughly cleansed and pure, as if it had now been contaminated by that we at of all diseases, Syphilis. Scrofula, Leprosy and dil kinds of corruption of the blood and diseases of the skin temoved permanently and quickly by this pewerful agent and sider of nature. "Mexicas repection." No one need be reduced to a skeleton, and suffer the terraines of the Inquisition, and robbed of his last dillars, and till not cured. Dr. Calvin also heats all children and the stage of the inquisition of the bloods. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing only to pay for, as all the great success. Medicing out the stage of the success by lotter, and fon come in postage stamps. Call on or address Dr. Calvin, 1903. Vine-street, between Eafth and Sixth-street. The Doctor has located permanently in the site. The Doctor has located permanently in the site.

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